Your Spanish 2 Portfolio or «Carpeta de actividades»

Your Portfolio is a compilation of language-related activities outside the classroom that you yourself have chosen from among the guidelines set by the Spanish Language Program. These activities will encourage you to use your Spanish in real-life situations. Ideally, your portfolio will contain some of the work you’re most proud of.

At the same time, because language programs at Stanford are proficiency-based, that is, based on what you can do versus what you know, your portfolio work will help prepare you to be successful in this class. Keep all of your portfolio activities, as well as notes and materials of Spanish language activities you take up on your own. You’ll be compiling them into one portfolio at the end of each quarter.

Of course, as with all your work at Stanford, you should abide by the Honor Code and Fundamental Standard (See https://communitystandards.stanford.edu/policies-and-guidance), always completing your portfolio assignments with the utmost honesty and decency.
Portfolio Entry #1A & #1B: Interacción con mi «compa» de conversación

DUE DATES:

**Autumn:**
- 1A – jueves 15 de octubre
- 1B – jueves 29 de octubre

**Winter:**
- 1A – jueves 11 de febrero
- 1B – jueves 25 de febrero

**Spring:**
- 1A – jueves 8 de abril
- 1B – jueves 13 de mayo

Get to know someone in or near the Stanford community who is a native speaker of Spanish. Some members of the community are heritage speakers who grew up in a Spanish-speaking home in the U.S., and others are native speakers from Spanish-speaking countries. To locate a conversation partner, ask your friends if they know anyone on campus or in the area who speaks Spanish, but take care to use politeness in seeking a conversation partner: remember that speakers of Spanish, just like speakers of English, come from a variety of backgrounds, so don't assume someone is a native speaker based solely on background or appearance. Try to find a conversation partner with whom you share interests or activities, for example, in other classes, campus organizations, music or art events, or athletics. Remember to be considerate when planning to get together: *give your partner plenty of notice when scheduling appointments and be prepared to return a favor for one extended.* For example, international graduate students have appreciated someone to proofread their research papers in English, or your *compa* might be looking for a jogging partner, or a ride to the airport or grocery store. Many students have developed lasting friendships in this way.

Meet with your conversation partner often—once a week or more is ideal—to practice conversation in Spanish. (If you can chat in Spanish while doing a shared activity you normally do, so much the better!) When you meet, your *Spanish 2 Progress Card* will be a helpful tool for you to practice. Then, for Portfolio Entry #1A, **converse for a full ten minutes or more** as you choose **ONE** of the following:

A) Make an audio recording in which you interview your conversation partner.

B) Make a video recording in which you interview your conversation partner.

C) Make a video in which you and your conversation partner demonstrate one or more of the objectives listed on your *Spanish 2 Progress Card*.

D) Invite your conversation partner to speak to our class. In preparation, set up a day and time with your instructor, and make a list of questions that you and the class can use to interview your conversation partner. A few days before the visit, check your list with your instructor. After your instructor has checked your list of questions, edit it, copy it and distribute it to your classmates the day before the visit.

**OJO:** During your conversations, be sure to be an active participant by asking questions and responding to your partner. Do your best to react appropriately to what’s being said by asking follow-up questions and/or adding personal comments, in order to initiate, maintain and close the various conversation topics. You’re a beginner, of course, and an occasional social gaffe may indeed occur. But do your best to say, for example, ¡Qué interesante! when your partner tells you something interesting, or ¡Cuánto lo siento! when they tell you something sad. Practicing phrases such as these is easy on-line at: [http://spanlang.stanford.edu/first_year/spanlang2_progress_interpersonal.html](http://spanlang.stanford.edu/first_year/spanlang2_progress_interpersonal.html).

For Portfolio #1B, rather than record your conversation on tape, fill out the observation sheet provided on the next page.
Conversación con mi compa de conversación

Mi nombre y apellido: ____________________________________________________________

Fecha de la entrevista: __________________________________________________________

Conversé con ______________________________________________ (nombre y apellido de
mi compa) hoy por ____________ minutos.

Discutimos los siguientes temas: __________________________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

Pude expresarme fácilmente cuando hablamos de: ________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

Fue más difícil expresarme cuando hablamos de: ________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

Algo que aprendí es que: ______________________________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

[ ] Me gustó la experiencia porque... _____________________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

(( ] No me gustó la experiencia porque... ___________________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

________________________________

Spanish Language Program • Stanford University Language Center
Portfolio Entry #2A & 2B: Interpretación auditiva

DUE DATES:
Autumn: 2A – jueves 1 de octubre  
2B – jueves 22 de octubre  
Winter: 2A – jueves 28 de enero  
2B – jueves 18 de febrero  
Spring: 2A – jueves 15 de abril  
2B – jueves 20 de mayo

Read these instructions and work on this portfolio activity ahead of time! This activity seeks to help you improve your listening comprehension while heightening your awareness of local Latino communities and the Spanish-speaking world as a whole. You will watch the news in Spanish on at least three (3) separate occasions for twenty (20) minutes each time. As you watch, take as many notes as you can. Organize your notes as follows:

| Student name: |
| Date of viewing: |
| Name of program and TV station (if applicable): |
| Time began watching: |
| Time finished watching: |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>News topics:</th>
<th>Details I understood:</th>
<th>Useful words I picked up in Spanish and their meanings in English:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1)</td>
<td>Write details in <strong>English</strong>.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DO NOT** PRINT THIS CHART. YOU’RE GOING TO NEED A LOT MORE SPACE TO TAKE DETAILED NOTES! RATHER, ORGANIZE YOUR CHART ACCORDING TO THIS EXAMPLE.

Don’t expect to understand every word, or even every topic. It’s best to watch from the beginning of the news program so that you can hear the news summary. Watch for **at least 20 minutes per viewing session**. Below are some news shows you may choose from. Below are some TV news shows to choose from. Alternatively, check out the resources page at [http://spanlang/resources/index.html](http://spanlang/resources/index.html) for information on internet TV viewing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Channel</th>
<th>Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>¡Despierta América!</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>7:00 a.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>national news</td>
<td>14, 48</td>
<td>6:30 p.m.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primer Impacto Al Rojo Vivo</td>
<td>14, 48</td>
<td>M-, 5:00 p.m.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Spanish Language Program • Stanford University Language Center*
Portfolio Entry #3A & 3B: Interpretación de lectura

DUE DATES:
Autumn:  
3A – jueves 24 de septiembre  
3B – jueves 8 de octubre
Winter:  
3A – jueves 22 de enero  
3B – jueves 4 de febrero
Spring:  
3A – jueves 22 de abril  
3B – jueves 6 de mayo

For each of these two Portfolio entries, you’ll seek out and read one or more lecturas (readings) of 2 pages each (about 500 words) to provide you with information and vocabulary to help you write Composition 2, which will deal with a protagonista latina o latino en los Estados Unidos. Be sure to read the Composition 2 assignment and choose a protagonista latina o latino—with your instructor’s approval—before you get started on this portfolio assignment. You will use the information you find as a basis for your second composition and oral presentation.

As you read, keep in mind key question words to guide you: quién, qué, cuándo, dónde and most importantly, por qué. Then write a brief summary in English of the reading and identify 8-10 new words you’ve found, together with their English equivalents. Use the chart below to organize your vocabulary list in three columns: the original word or phrase in Spanish, your initial guess at its meaning from the context at hand, and the actual dictionary definition. When you turn in your portfolio entry, be sure to include the following:

1) your summary and vocabulary list,
2) a copy of the article with your new vocabulary highlighted,
3) the word count of your article, and
4) the source citation (URL for online articles or name of publication and date for print articles).

Use the chart on the next page to compile your work.

Green Library has a variety of current newspapers and magazines in Spanish in the periodicals area. Additionally, consult the Spanlang resource page at http://spanlang.stanford.edu/resources. Try searching for your protagonista in Spanish language newspapers, both in the U.S. and abroad, among the many listed there.
Chart to be completed by the student and submitted with a copy of the reading:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student name:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A copy of the article is attached [ ]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Name of reading: |
| Citation (the URL for online articles or name of publication and date for print pieces): |
| Word count of reading (minimum 500 words): |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vocabulary List (min. 8-10 words)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New vocabulary item:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Summary of reading (in English): |

Spanish Language Program • Stanford University Language Center
Portfolio #4: Presentación de canciones

DUE DATES:
Autumn: jueves 12 de noviembre
Winter: jueves 11 de marzo
Spring: jueves 27 de mayo

Your entire class will have to choose between OPTION A or OPTION B to complete this activity:

OPTION A: CREATE LISTENING COMPREHENSION ACTIVITIES
You will work with TWO other classmates to create a listening comprehension activity for the entire class. You will need to do all of the following steps:

A) Look for a song from one of the genres listed below (or another genre of música latina):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>alterlatino</th>
<th>cueca</th>
<th>merengue</th>
<th>sevillanas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bachata</td>
<td>cumbia</td>
<td>pop</td>
<td>son</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>banda rap</td>
<td>flamenco</td>
<td>rancheras</td>
<td>tango</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bolero</td>
<td>guarania</td>
<td>reggaetón</td>
<td>tejana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>corridos</td>
<td>mariachi</td>
<td>salsa</td>
<td>zarzuela</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B) Find the song’s lyrics on the internet. Be aware that you may need to seek your instructor’s help in correcting the spelling and accents of lyrics found on the internet.

C) Prepare a listening activity with the song and lyrics you found. Some sample exercises include the following:
   - fill-in-the-blank with key terms
   - indicate the correct line
   - indicate the incorrect line
   - put lines in order

D) Present a brief description of the song in terms of its genre, history, and the artist(s) who perform it.

E) Via e-mail, send your instructor your listening activity by 12 PM THE DAY BEFORE YOUR PRESENTATION so s/he can put the activity on Canvas for the class to be able to access. If you do not have the activity ready by then, be sure to bring enough photocopies of the activity for your classmates and instructor the day of your presentation. Remember to bring your song to class!

OPTION B: THE LIP “SING” CONTEST (for hammer classes)
You will work with 2-3 classmates to lip “sing” the song of your choice from any of the genres listed in (A) above. You will obtain a recording of the song and its lyrics, memorize the lyrics, and perform the song (with the recording as a backup) for your class. Before your musical presentation, you will also present a brief description of the song in terms of its genre, history, and the artist(s) who perform it. “Grammy” Awards will take place in class at a later date to reward the most outstanding presentations.

Of course, in addition to the Honor Code, the University’s Fundamental Standard applies. It states:

Students at Stanford are expected to show both within and without the University such respect for order, morality, personal honor and the rights of others as is demanded of good citizens. Failure to do this will be sufficient cause for removal from the University.

As such, your production should adhere to the strictest moral code of decency.

Spanish Language Program • Stanford University Language Center
Portfolio #5: Complilación y reflexión

DUE DATES:
Autumn: jueves 5 de noviembre
Winter: lunes 15 de marzo
Spring: jueves 27 de mayo

For your final portfolio entry, you'll reflect **IN ENGLISH** on your work in Spanish. Be sure to include the following:

[ ] **Composition**: First, include a brief reflection on your composition and other attempts at writing this quarter. Consider your learning process: what did you learn about yourself with respect to your language abilities in writing this quarter?

[ ] **All portfolio entries**: Second, review your portfolio entries, including any extra materials or activities (such as notes on additional video programming you watched, extra readings you attempted, recordings of or notes on conversations with your conversation partner, etc.). From your attempts to listen to and read in Spanish, and your attempt(s) to converse with a native speaker, what did you learn about language learning this quarter?

[ ] **Progress Card**: Third, take a look at your progress card and complete it, further reflecting on your development in Spanish this quarter. If you feel you’re weak in some areas, consider revisiting your online progress card for extra practice! If you feel you’re strong in certain areas, conjecture about why that might be.

[ ] **Summary of your progress**: Fourth, write a paragraph about your progress this quarter. Focus on what you think are your strengths and areas for improvement at this point, what you enjoyed most this quarter, and what your goals are for future studies in Spanish.